

CYSTIC FIBROSIS (CF) DELTA F508 ONE TUBE REAL-TIME PCR KIT

Cat. No: 14R-40-01

INTRODUCTION

Cystic fibrosis (CF) is a common hereditary disease which affects the entire body, causing progressive disability and often early death and deletion of phenylalanine at residue 508 (delta F508) of the gene is the most common mutation associated with CF. Difficulty in breathing is the most serious symptom and results from frequent lung infections that are treated, though not cured, by antibiotics and other medications. CF is caused by a mutation in the gene for the protein cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR). This gene is required to regulate the components of sweat, digestive juices, and mucus. Although most people without CF have two working copies of the CFTR gene, only one is needed to prevent cystic fibrosis. CF develops when neither gene works normally ⁽¹⁾.

INTENDED USE

Cystic fibrosis (CF) DELTA F508 One Tube Real-Time PCR Kit is designed to detect the delta F508 mutation of the CFTR gene in whole blood samples by using qualitative Real-Time PCR method.

TARGETED USER

For professional use only. Testing should be performed by professionals trained in molecular techniques.

PRINCIPLE OF THE SYSTEM

During the PCR reaction, the DNA polymerase cleaves the probe at the 5' end and separates the reporter dye from the quencher dye only when the probe hybridizes perfectly to the target DNA. This cleavage results in the fluorescent signal which is monitored by Real-Time PCR detection system. An increase in the fluorescent signal (C_T) is proportional to the amount of the specific PCR product ^(2,3).

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Each isolated DNA should be tested with master mix. The kit provides reagents in a "ready-to-use" master mix format which has been specifically adapted to 5' nuclease PCR for SNP analysis. The test system is designed by SNP Biotechnology for use with sequence specific primers and probes.

The fluorescence of mutation analysis is FAM for wild type and HEX for mutant. The limit of detection (LOD) for the Cystic Fibrosis (CF) Delta F508 One Tube Real-Time PCR Kit was determined as 2 ng/ μ l.

SYSTEM CONTENTS

Reagents	10 rxns	20 rxns	50 rxns
Δ F508 Master mix	200 μ l	400 μ l	1000 μ l
Control DNA*	30 μ l	30 μ l	60 μ l

Table 1: Kit content

* Control DNA is a synthetic plasmid containing the mutation regions. Expected results for synthetic control DNA should be heterozygous for Δ F508. Since to Control DNA is a synthetic plasmid, amplification plots of synthetic control DNA may appear slightly different from the sample DNA. Please gently vortex and then spin centrifuge for 1-2 seconds before use the positive control.

STORAGE

- All reagents should be stored at – 20 °C and dark.
- All reagents can be used until the expiration date on the box label.
- Repeated thawing and freezing (>4X) should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity of the assay.

SAMPLE COLLECTION

Cystic fibrosis (CF) DELTA F508 One Tube Real-Time PCR Kit is approved for use with whole blood samples.

- Standard precautionary instructions must be followed by all healthcare professionals during the collection and transportation of whole blood samples.
- Whole blood samples should be collected in appropriate containers before delivery to the laboratory.
- Freezing and thawing of samples should be avoided.

DNA EXTRACTION

Blood samples should be collected in appropriate sterile EDTA tubes and can be stored at +4°C up to one month. For more than one month specimen should be stored at -20°C. It is advised to gently mix the tube (with EDTA) after collection of blood to avoid coagulation. Our system optimized according to GeneAII® Exgene™ Blood SV. It is advised to elute DNA with 150 μ l elution buffer for better results.

PROCEDURE

- Leave the master mix* and control at RT to melt.
- Before starting work, mix the master mixes gently by pipetting
- For each sample, pipet **20 μ l master mix** with micropipets of sterile filter tips to each optical white strips or tubes.
- Add **5 μ l DNA** into each tube. Please do not pipette DNA before and after addition into well.
- Optical caps are closed, it is recommended to spin the plates/strips at low speed for a short time.
- Run with the programme shown below.

*Master mixes include HotStart Taq DNA Polymerase.

PCR PROGRAMME

95 °C	3 Min.	Holding
95 °C	15 Sec.	32 Cycles
63 °C	1 Min.	

Table 2: PCR Programme

Fluorescent dyes are FAM and HEX/JOE.

This system can be used with the following devices:

- Bio-Rad CFX96
- ABI Prism® 7500/7500 Fast
- Roche LightCycler® 480 System
- Rotor Gene Q
- Mic qPCR Cycler

For other two or more channel Real-Time PCR devices (which can read FAM and HEX/JOE dyes), a trial run is recommended.

If you use:

ABI Prism® system, please choose "none" as passive reference and quencher.

Mic qPCR Cycler, please adjust gain settings, "Green Auto Gain" to 20 and "Yellow Auto Gain" to 10.

Supplied Materials

- White PCR plates/strips with optical covers*

*The PCR Plate/strip tube and caps seriously affect the amplification curve quality. Therefore, white PCR plates/strips and optical caps provided by the manufacturer should be used with the kit.

Required Materials (Not Provided)

- PCR Cabinet
- Vortex Mixer
- Desktop Microcentrifuge (For 2.0ml tubes and PCR strip tubes), plate spin for studies using PCR plates.
- Automated or spin column based DNA isolation Kit
- Disposable powder-free laboratory gloves
- Micropipettes (0.5ml-1000ml)
- Micropipette tips
- Standard laboratory equipments.

DATA ANALYSIS

After the run is completed data are analysed using the software with HEX/JOE and FAM dyes. The below results were studied with Bio-Rad CFX96. The threshold values for both FAM and HEX/JOE dyes were set to 500, based on experiments conducted using the Bio-Rad CFX96 Real-Time PCR system, the GeneAll® Exgene™ Blood SV Isolation Kit, and white PCR strips supplied by SNP Biotechnology. Threshold values may vary depending on the PCR device, DNA isolation kit, and the type or brand of PCR strips/tubes used.

Amplification plots of mutations can be analysed by FAM and HEX dyes. The C_T value should be between $21 \leq C_T \leq 28$. These values are optimised according to the GeneAll® Exgene™ Blood SV Isolation Kit and Bio-Rad CFX96 Real-Time PCR Device. C_T values may vary $\pm 2/3$ cycle according to the other DNA isolation systems and Real-Time PCR devices.

- Homozygous wild type sample gives amplification signal only at FAM dye.
- Heterozygous sample gives amplification signal both at FAM and HEX/JOE dyes.
- Homozygous mutant sample gives amplification signal only at HEX/JOE dye.
- The difference of the C_T value at FAM and HEX/JOE dyes amplification plots should be ≤ 3 for heterozygote sample. If it is $4 \leq C_T \leq 6$, test should be repeated, if > 6 , the late plot should be considered as non-specific.

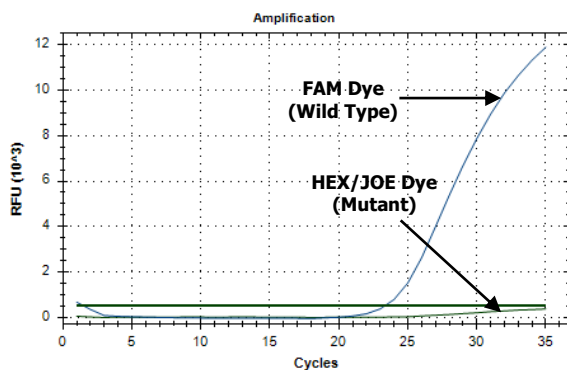


Figure 1: ΔF508 Homozygous Wild Type Sample (FAM and HEX/JOE Dyes)

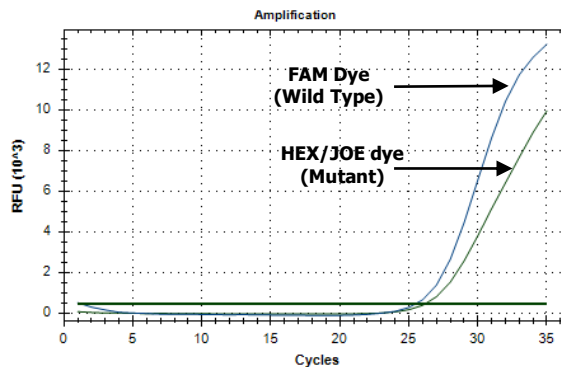


Figure 2: ΔF508 Heterozygous Sample (FAM and HEX/JOE Dyes)

CAUTIONS

- All reagents should be stored at suitable conditions.
- Do not use the PCR master mixes forgotten at room temperature.
- Thaw PCR master mix at room temperature and slowly mix by inverting before use.
- Shelf-life of PCR master mix is 12 months. Please check the manufacturing data before use.
- Only use in vitro diagnostics.

DISPOSAL OF KIT

Dispose of it according to the legal regulations of your region

SYMBOLS AND DESCRIPTIONS

	Catalog Number		CE Mark
	Lot Number		Unique Device Identifier (01) Device Identifier (17) Expiry Date (10) Lot Number
	Manufacturer		Test Quantity
	Fragile		Storage Temperature
	Protect from directly sunlight		In Vitro Diagnostics
	Expiry Date		

Table 3: Symbols and descriptions

TROUBLESHOOTING PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS

Problem	Reason	Solution
No target gene amplification curves in some samples for both FAM and HEX/JOE dyes.	Absence of DNA / not added into well	Repeat test
	Absence of DNA / DNA extraction problems	• DNA extraction should be repeated.
	Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s)	• DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods.
No target DNA control amplification curves in all wells	Error in temperature/time settings in PCR program	Correct any errors in the temperature/time settings in the PCR Program and repeat the test.
	Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s)	• DNA extraction should be repeated. • DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods.
Positive control result and/or C _T values are lower or higher than the value mentioned in User Manual.	Error in temperature/time settings in PCR program	Correct any errors in the temperature/time settings in the PCR Program and repeat the test.
C _T values are not valid (higher or lower) according to User Manual	Excessive or insufficient DNA sample	• Repeat the test. • DNA extraction should be repeated.
Low and/or invalid amplification curves	Stability problems arising from repeated thawing and freezing (>4X)	Repeated thawing and freezing (>4X) should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity of the assay.
	Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s)	• DNA extraction should be repeated. • DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods.
	Stability problems arising from unavailable storage conditions.	All reagents should be stored at – 20 °C and dark.
	Bubble formation or pipetting error during pipetting	After adding the master mix and sample, it is recommended to spin the plates/strips at low speed for a short time.
For further questions, please contact us tech@snp.com.tr		

Table 4: Troubleshooting problems and solutions

REFERENCES

1. John E. Mickle And Garry R. Cutting. "Genotype-Phenotype Relationships In Cystic Fibrosis". Medical Clinics Of North America. May 2000. Volume 84 - Number 3.
2. Yolanda S Lie and Christos J Petropoulos. "Advances in quantitative PCR technology: 5' nuclease assays". Current Opinion in Biotechnology Volume 9, Issue 1, February 1998, Pages 43-48.
3. Luis Ugozzoli and R. Bruce Wallace. "Allele-Specific Polymerase Chain Reaction". A Companion to Methods in Enzymology Vol. 2, No. 1, February, pp. 42-48, 1991.