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CLOPIDOGREL REAL TIME PCR KIT (3 MUTATIONS) Cat. No: 113R-20-03

INTRODUCTION

Clopidogrel is a widely used antiplatelet agent to treat and prevent a variety of atherothrombotic diseases. Research has implicated genetic variations in the CYP2C19 isozyme as at least partly responsible for the variable antiplatelet response seen with clopidogrel. Studies have shown that patients possessing genetic variants of the CYP2C19 isozyme may be at increased risk of adverse cardiovascular events due to impaired clopidogrel efficacy, although this has not been definitively demonstrated. Kit detects 636 G>A (*3), 681 G>A (*2) and -806 C>T (*17) mutations/polymorphisms in CYP2C19 gene.⁽¹⁻²⁾.

INTENDED USE

Clopidogrel Real-Time PCR Kit (3 Mutations) can detect 636 G>A (*3), 681 G>A (*2) and -806 C>T (*17) mutations/polymorphisms in CYP2C19 gene in whole blood samples by using qualitative Real-Time PCR method.

TARGETED USER

For professional use only. Testing should be performed by professionals trained in molecular techniques.

PRINCIPLE OF THE SYSTEM

During the PCR reaction, the DNA polymerase cleaves the probe at the 5' end and separates the reporter dye from the quencer dye only when the probe hybridizes perfectly to the target DNA. This cleavage results in the fluorescent signal which is monitored by Real-Time PCR detection system. An increase in the fluorescent signal (C_T) is proportional to the amount of the specific PCR product $^{(3,4)}$.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATION

Each isolated DNA should be tested with all master mixes separately. The kit provides reagents in a **"ready-to-use"** master mix format which has been specifically adapted to 5' nuclease PCR for SNP analysis. The test system is designed by SNP Biotechnology for use with sequence specific primers and probes.

The fluorescence of mutation analysis is FAM, HEX/JOE and Texas Red. Also each master mix contains an internal control labelled with CY5 dye (See Table 2). Internal Control is Prothrombin gene – FII (OMIM: 176930).

SYSTEM CONTENTS

| Reagents | 10 rxns | 20 rxns | 50 rxns |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Clopidogrel Master Mix 1 | 200 µl | 400 µl | 1000 µl |
| Clopidogrel Master Mix 2 | 200 µl | 400 µl | 1000 µl |
| Control DNA* | 30 µl | 30 µl | 60 µl |

Table 1: Kit content

* Control DNA is a synthetic plasmid containing some of the mutation regions. Expected results for synthetic control DNA is indicated on the tube label. Since to Control DNA is a synthetic plasmid, amplification plots of synthetic control DNA may appear slightly different from the sample DNA. Please gently vortex and then spin centrifuge for 1-2 seconds before using the Control DNA.

STORAGE

- All reagents should be stored at 20 °C and dark.
- · All reagents can be used until the expiration date on the box label.
- Repeated thawing and freezing (>4X) should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity of the assay.

SAMPLE COLLECTION

Clopidogrel Real-Time PCR Kit (3 Mutations) is approved for use with whole blood samples.

- Standard precautionary instructions must be followed by all healthcare professionals during the collection and transportation of whole blood samples.
- Whole blood samples should be collected in appropriate containers before delivery to the laboratory.
- Freezing and thawing of samples should be avoided.

DNA EXTRACTION

Blood samples should be collected in appropriate sterile EDTA tubes and can be stored at $+4^{\circ}$ C up to one month. For more than one month specimen should be stored at -20° C. It is advised to gently mix the tube (with EDTA) after collection of blood to avoid coagulation.

Our system optimized according to GeneAll® Exgene™ Blood SV. It is advised to elute DNA with 150 µl elution buffer for better results.

MUTATION / POLYMORPHISMS - DYE TABLE

| Tubes | Mutations/Polymorphisms | Dyes |
|--------|-------------------------|-----------|
| | 636 Wild-Type (G) | FAM |
| Min. 4 | -806 Wild-Type (C) | HEX/JOE |
| Mix 1 | 681 Wild-Type (G) | Texas Red |
| | Internal Control | CY5 |
| | 636 Mutant (A) | FAM |
| Mix 2 | -806 Mutant (T) | HEX/JOE |
| | 681 Mutant (A) | Texas Red |
| | Internal Control | CY5 |

Table 2: Tubes- mutations / polymorphisms - dyes.

PROCEDURE

- Different test tubes should be prepared for each master mix.
- Leave the master mixes* and controls at RT to melt.
- Before starting work, mix the master mixes gently by pipetting
- For each sample, pipet **20 µl master mix** with micropipets of sterile filter tips to each optical white strips or tubes.
- Add 5 µl DNA into each tube. Please do not pipette DNA before and after addition into well.
- Optical caps are closed, it is recommended to spin the plates/strips at low speed for a short time.
- Run with the programme shown below.
- *Master mixes include HotStart Taq DNA Polymerase.



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PCR PROGRAMME

| 95 °C | 3 Min. | Holding | |
|-------|---------|-------------|--|
| 95 °C | 15 Sec. | · 30 Cycles | |
| 60 °C | 1 Min. | | |

Table 3: PCR Programme

Fluorescent dyes are FAM, HEX/JOE, Texas Red and CY5.

This system can be used with the following devices;

- Bio-Rad CFX96, Opus 96
- ABI Prism ® 7500/7500 Fast
- Mic qPCR Cycler

For other four or more channel Real-Time PCR devices (which can read FAM, HEX/JOE, Texas Red and CY5 dyes), a trial run is recommended.

If you use;

ABI $\mathsf{Prism}^{\circledast}$ system, please choose "**none**" as passive reference and quencher.

Mic qPCR Cycler, please adjust gain settings, "Green Auto Gain" to 20 and "Yellow Auto Gain" to 10

Supplied Materials

White PCR plates/strips with optical covers*

*The PCR Plate/strip tube and caps seriously affect the amplification curve quality. Therefore, white PCR plates/strips and optical caps provided by the manufacturer should be used with the kit.

Required Materials (Not Provided)

- PCR Cabinet
- Vortex Mixer
- Desktop Microcentrifuge (For 2.0ml tubes and PCR strip tubes), plate spin for studies using PCR plates.
- Automated or spin column based DNA isolation Kit
- · Disposible powder-free laboratory gloves
- Micropipettes (0.5ml-1000ml)
- Micropipette tips
- · Standard laboratory equipments.

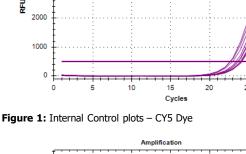
DATA ANALYSIS

After the run is completed data are analysed using the software with FAM, HEX/JOE, Texas Red and CY5 dyes. The below results were studied with Bio-Rad CFX96. The threshold values for all dyes were set to 500, based on experiments conducted using the Bio-Rad CFX96 Real-Time PCR system, the GeneAll® Exgene™ Blood SV Isolation Kit, and white PCR strips supplied by SNP Biotechnology. Threshold values may vary depending on the PCR device, DNA isolation kit, and the type or brand of PCR strips/tubes used.

Internal control amplification plots must be seen in all wells except NTC and has been labelled with CY5 dye. The C_T value of internal controls should be $\mathbf{21} \leq \mathbf{C_T} \leq \mathbf{27}$. These values are optimised according to the GeneAll® ExgeneTM Blood SV Isolation Kit and Bio-Rad CFX96 Real-Time PCR Device. C_T values may vary $\pm 2/3$ cycle according to the other DNA isolation systems and Real-Time PCR devices.

Amplification plots of mutations can be analysed by FAM, HEX/JOE and Texas Red dyes. The C_T value should be between $\mathbf{21} \leq \mathbf{C}_T \leq \mathbf{27}$. These values are optimised according to the GeneAll® ExgeneTM Blood SV Isolation Kit and Bio-Rad CFX96 Real-Time PCR Device. C_T values may vary $\pm 2/3$ cycle according to the other DNA isolation systems and Real-Time PCR devices.

- Homozygous wild type sample gives amplification signal only with wild type master mix.
- Heterozygous sample gives amplification signal both with wild type and mutant master mixes.
- Homozygous mutant sample gives amplification signal only with mutant master mix.
- The difference of the C_T value with wild type and mutant amplification
 plots should be ≤3 for heterozygote sample. If it is 4 ≤ C_T ≤6, test
 should be repeated, if >6, the late plot should be considered as
 non-spesific.



3000

Amplification

6000

5000

4000

Mix 1

2000

1000

Figure 2: 636 Wild Type Sample (FAM Dye)

Amplification

7000
6000
5000
Mix 2
4000
2000
1000
5 10 15 20 25 30
Cycles

Figure 3: -806 Homozygous Mutant Sample (HEX/JOE Dye)

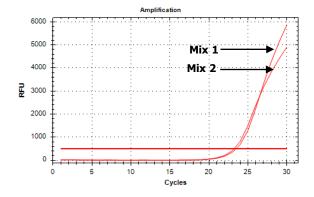


Figure 4: 681 Heterozygous Sample (Texas Red Dye)

For evaluation of genotypes, see table 4.





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| | CYP2C19 Functi | ional Status | and Phenotypes * | |
|--|--|--------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 636 Wild Type (G) | - 681 Wild Type (G) - 806 Wild Type(C) | *1 | Normal function alleles | |
| | 681 Mutant (A) | *2 | No function allele | |
| | 636 Mutant (A) | *3 | No function allele | |
| | 806 Mutant (T) | *17 | Increased function allel | e |
| Metabolism | Genotyp | e | | For Example; |
| CYP2C19 Ultrarapid Metabolizer | An individual carrying 2 increased function alleles | | eles | *17/*17 |
| CYP2C19 Rapid Metabolizer | An individual carrying one normal function allele and one increased function allele | | ele and one | *1/*17 |
| CYP2C19 Normal Metabolizer | An individual carrying 2 normal function alleles | | es | *1/*1 |
| CYP2C19 Intermediat e Metabolizer | An individual carrying one normal function allele and one no function allele or one no function allele and one increased function allele | | | *1/*2 *2/*17 *1/*3 *3/*17 |
| CYP2C19 Poor Metabolizer | An individual carrying 2 no function alleles | | | *2/*2 *2/*3 *3/*3 |
| * | The Clinical Pharmacogenetics Implementation Consortium (CPIC) | | | |
| | CYP2C19 metabolizer status frequencies are based on average multi-ethnic frequencies. | | | |
| | The predicted metabolizer phenotype for the evidence indicates that the CYP2C19*17 incite CYP2C19*2 non-functional allele. | | | |

Table 4: CYP2C19 Functional Status and Phenotypes

TROUBLESHOOTING PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS

| Problem | Reason | Solution |
|---|--|--|
| | Absence of DNA / DNA extraction problems | Repeat test |
| Internal control does not work/ low amplification | Absence of DNA / DNA extraction problems | DNA extraction should be repeated. |
| | Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s) | DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods. |
| No target gene amplification curves in some samples for both wild type and mutant mixes. | Absence of DNA / not added into well | Repeat test |
| | Absence of DNA / DNA extraction problems | DNA extraction should be repeated. |
| | Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s) | DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods. |
| No target DNA/internal control amplification curves in all wells | Error in temperature/time settings in PCR program | Correct any errors in the temperature/time settings in the PCR Program and repeat the test. |
| | Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s) | DNA extraction should be repeated. DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods. |
| Positive control result and/or $C_{\text{\scriptsize T}}$ values are lower or higher than the value mentioned in User Manual. | Error in temperature/time settings in PCR program | Correct any errors in the temperature/time settings in the PCR Program and repeat the test. |
| \mathbf{C}_{T} values are not valid (higher or lower) according to User Manual | Excessive or insufficient DNA sample | Repeat the test.DNA extraction should be repeated. |
| | Stability problems arising from repeated thawing and freezing (>4X) | Repeated thawing and freezing ($>4X$) should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity of the assay. |
| Low and/or invalid amplification curves | Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s) | DNA extraction should be repeated. DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods. |
| | Stability problems arising from unavailable storage conditions. | All reagents should be stored at $-\ 20\ ^{\circ}\text{C}$ and dark. |
| | Bubble formation or pipetting error during pipetting | After adding the master mix and sample, it is recommended to spin the plates/strips at low speed for a short time. |
| For further questions, please contact us tech@snp.com.tr | | |

 Table 5: Troubleshooting problems and solutions





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SYMBOLS AND DESCRIPTIONS

| REF | Catalog Number | ϵ | CE Mark |
|-----|--------------------------------|------------|--|
| LOT | Lot Number | UDI | Unique Device Identifier (01)Device Identifier (17)Expiry Date (10)Lot Number |
| *** | Manufacturer | Σ | Test Quantity |
| Ţ | Fragile | √-20 °C | Storage Temperature |
| 豢 | Protect from directly sunlight | IVD | In Vitro Diagnostics |
| | Expiry Date | | |

Table 6: Symbols and descriptions

CAUTIONS

- · All reagents should be stored at suitable conditions.
- Do not use the PCR master mixes forgotten at room temperature.
- Thaw PCR master mix at room temperature and slowly mix by inverting before use.
- Shelf-life of PCR master mix is 12 months. Please check the manufacturing data before use.
- Only use in vitro diagnostics.

DISPOSAL OF KIT

Dispose of it according to the legal regulations of your region

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