

## SNP Biotechnology R&D Ltd.

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# FII PROTHROMBIN REAL-TIME PCR KIT Cat. No: 101R-10-01

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Prothrombin is the precursor of thrombin, a serine protease that plays a central role in haemostasis and thrombosis, exerting procoagulant, anticoagulant, and antifibrinolytic effects. A mutation in the prothrombin gene has been associated with an increased risk of venous thrombosis. This mutation is an autosomal dominant change caused by a single base pair substitution — a guanine (G) to adenine (A) change at position 20210 (G20210A) in the 3' untranslated region of the prothrombin gene<sup>(1)</sup>.

#### **INTENDED USE**

FII Prothrombin Real-Time PCR Kit can detect G20210A mutations of Prothrombin gene in whole blood samples by using qualitative Real-Time PCR method.

## **TARGETED USER**

For professional use only. Testing should be performed by professionals trained in molecular techniques.

#### PRINCIPLE OF THE SYSTEM

During the PCR reaction, the DNA polymerase cleaves the probe at the 5' end and separates the reporter dye from the quencer dye only when the probe hybridizes perfectly to the target DNA. This cleavage results in the fluorescent signal which is monitored by Real-Time PCR detection system. An increase in the fluorescent signal ( $C_T$ ) is proportional to the amount of the specific PCR product  $^{(2,3)}$ .

#### **PRODUCT SPECIFICATION**

Each isolated DNA should be tested with two master mixes separately. The kit provides reagents in a **"ready-to-use"** master mix format which has been specifically adapted to 5' nuclease PCR for SNP analysis. The test system is designed by SNP Biotechnology for use with sequence specific primers and probes.

The fluorescence of mutation analysis is FAM. Also each master mix contains an internal control labelled with HEX/JOE dye. Internal Control is Zinc Finger Protein Gene, X Linked – ZFX (OMIM: 314980).

The limit of detection (LOD) for the FII Prothrombin Real-Time PCR Kit was determined as 1  $ng/\mu l$ .

#### **SYSTEM CONTENTS**

Reagents	10 rxns	20 rxns	50 rxns
FII Wild Type Master Mix	200 µl	400 µl	1000 µl
FII Mutant Master Mix	200 µl	400 µl	1000 µl
Control DNA*	30 µl	30 µl	60 µl

Table 1: Kit content

\* Control DNA is a synthetic plasmid containing the mutation regions. Expected results for synthetic control DNA should be FII Heterozygote. Since to Control DNA is a synthetic plasmid, amplification plots of synthetic control DNA may appear slightly different from the sample DNA. Please gently vortex and then spin centrifuge for 1-2 seconds before using the positive control.

#### **STORAGE**

- All reagents should be stored at -20 °C and dark.
- All reagents can be used until the expiration date on the box label.
- Repeated thawing and freezing ( >4X) should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity of the assay.

#### **SAMPLE COLLECTION**

FII Prothrombin Real-Time PCR Kit is approved for use with whole blood samples.

- Standard precautionary instructions must be followed by all healthcare professionals during the collection and transportation of whole blood samples.
- Whole blood samples should be collected in appropriate containers before delivery to the laboratory.
- Freezing and thawing of samples should be avoided.

#### **DNA EXTRACTION**

Blood samples should be collected in appropriate sterile EDTA tubes and can be stored at  $+4^{\circ}$ C up to one month. For more than one month specimen should be stored at  $-20^{\circ}$ C. It is advised to gently mix the tube (with EDTA) after collection of blood to avoid coagulation.

Our system optimized according to GeneAll® Exgene™ Blood SV. It is advised to elute DNA with 150 µl elution buffer for better results.

#### **PROCEDURE**

- Different test tubes should be prepared for each master mix.
- Leave the master mixes\* and controls at RT to melt.
- · Before starting work, mix the master mixes gently by pipetting
- For each sample, pipet 20 µl master mix with micropipets of sterile filter tips to each optical white strips or tubes.
- Add 5 µI DNA into each tube. Please do not pipette DNA before and after addition into well.
- Optical caps are closed, it is recommended to spin the plates/strips at low speed for a short time.
- Run with the programme shown below.
- \*Master mixes include HotStart Taq DNA Polymerase.

## PCR PROGRAMME

95 °C	3 Min.	Holding	
95 °C	15 Sec.	30 Cycles	
60 °C	1 Min.		

Table 2: PCR Programme

Fluorescent dyes are FAM and HEX/JOE.

## This system can be used with the following devices;

- Bio-Rad CFX96
- ABI Prism ® 7500/7500 Fast
- Roche LightCycler® 480 System
- Rotor Gene Q
- Mic qPCR Cycler

For other two or more channel Real-Time PCR devices (which can read FAM and HEX/JOE dyes), a trial run is recommended.

#### If you use;

 $\mbox{ABI\ Prism} \hat{\mbox{\bf e}}$  system, please choose "none" as passive reference and quencher.

Mic qPCR Cycler, please adjust gain settings, "Green Auto Gain" to 20 and "Yellow Auto Gain" to 10

## **Supplied Materials**

- White PCR plates/strips with optical covers\*
- \*The PCR Plate/strip tube and caps seriously affect the amplification curve quality. Therefore, white PCR plates/strips and optical caps provided by the manufacturer should be used with the kit.





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## **Required Materials (Not Provided)**

- PCR Cabinet
- · Vortex Mixer
- Desktop Microcentrifuge (For 2.0ml tubes and PCR strip tubes), plate spin for studies using PCR plates.
- · Automated or spin column based DNA isolation Kit
- Disposible powder-free laboratory gloves
- Micropipettes (0.5ml-1000ml)
- · Micropipette tips
- Standard laboratory equipments.

#### **DATA ANALYSIS**

After the run is completed data are analysed using the software with FAM and HEX/JOE dyes. The below results were studied with Bio-Rad CFX96. The threshold values for all dyes were set to 500, based on experiments conducted using the Bio-Rad CFX96 Real-Time PCR system, the GeneAll® Exgene $^{\rm TM}$  Blood SV Isolation Kit, and white PCR strips supplied by SNP Biotechnology. Threshold values may vary depending on the PCR device, DNA isolation kit, and the type or brand of PCR strips/tubes used.

Internal control amplification plots must be seen in all wells except NTC and has been labelled with HEX/JOE dye. The  $C_T$  value of internal controls should be  $\mathbf{21} \leq \mathbf{C_T} \leq \mathbf{28}$ . These values are optimised according to the GeneAll® Exgene<sup>TM</sup> Blood SV Isolation Kit and Bio-Rad CFX96 Real-Time PCR Device.  $C_T$  values may vary  $\pm 2/3$  cycle according to the other DNA isolation systems and Real-Time PCR devices.

Amplification plots of mutations can be analysed by FAM dye. The  $C_T$  value should be between  $\mathbf{21} \leq \mathbf{C}_T \leq \mathbf{28}$ . These values are optimised according to the GeneAll® Exgene<sup>TM</sup> Blood SV Isolation Kit and Bio-Rad CFX96 Real-Time PCR Device.  $C_T$  values may vary  $\pm 2/3$  cycle according to the other DNA isolation systems and Real-Time PCR devices.

- Homozygous wild type sample gives amplification signal only with wild type master mix.
- Heterozygous sample gives amplification signal both with wild type and mutant master mixes.
- Homozygous mutant sample gives amplification signal only with mutant master mix.
- The difference of the C<sub>T</sub> value with wild type and mutant amplification
  plots should be ≤3 for heterozygote sample. If it is 4 ≤ C<sub>T</sub> ≤6, test
  should be repeated, if >6, the late plot should be considered as
  non-spesific.

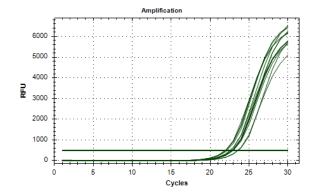


Figure 1: Internal Control plots – HEX/JOE Dye

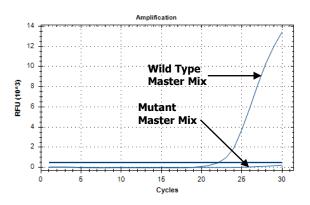


Figure 2: FII Prothrombin Homozygous Wild Type Sample (FAM Dye)

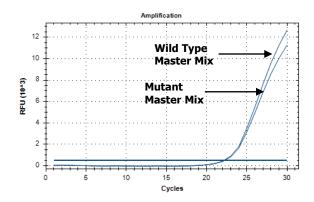


Figure 3: FII Prothrombin Heterozygous Sample (FAM Dye)

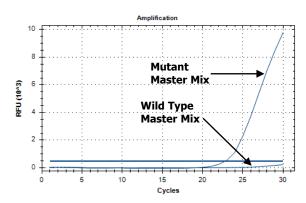


Figure 4: FII Prothrombin Homozygous Mutant Sample (FAM Dye)

## **CAUTIONS**

- All reagents should be stored at suitable conditions.
- Do not use the PCR master mixes forgotten at room temperature.
- Thaw PCR master mix at room temperature and slowly mix by inverting before use.
- Shelf-life of PCR master mixes is 12 months. Please check the manufacturing data before use.
- · Only use in vitro diagnostics.





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### **DISPOSAL OF KIT**

Dispose of it according to the legal regulations of your region

#### **REFERENCES**

- Andreas Gardemann, Tanja Arsic, Norbert Katz, Harald Tillmanns, Friedrich Wilhelm Hehrlein and Werner Haberbosch. "The Factor II G20210A and Factor V G1691A Gene Transitions and Coronary Heart Disease". Thromb Haemost 1999; 81: 208–13.
- Yolanda S Lie and Christos J Petropoulos. "Advances in quantitative PCR technology: 5' nuclease assays". Current Opinion in Biotechnology Volume 9, Issue 1, February 1998, Pages 43-48.
- Luis Ugozzoli and R. Bruce Wallace. "Allele-Specific Polymerase Chain Reaction". A Companion to Methods in Enzymology Vol. 2, No. 1, February, pp. 42-48, 1991.

#### **SYMBOLS AND DESCRIPTIONS**

REF	Catalog Number	CE	CE Mark
LOT	Lot Number	UDI	Unique Device Identifier (01)Device Identifier (17)Expiry Date (10)Lot Number
***	Manufacturer	Σ	Test Quantity
Ţ	Fragile	√20 °C	Storage Temperature
촣	Protect from directly sunlight	IVD	In Vitro Diagnostics
	Expiry Date		

Table 3: Symbols and descriptions

#### TROUBLESHOOTING PROBLEMS AND SOLUTIONS

Problem Reason		Solution		
	Absence of DNA / DNA extraction problems	Repeat test		
Internal control does not work/ low	Absence of DNA / DNA extraction problems	<ul> <li>DNA extraction should be repeated.</li> <li>DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods.</li> </ul>		
amplification	Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s)			
No target gene amplification curves in some samples for both wild type and mutant mixes.	Absence of DNA / not added into well	Repeat test		
	Absence of DNA / DNA extraction problems	<ul> <li>DNA extraction should be repeated.</li> <li>DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods.</li> </ul>		
	Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s)			
No target DNA/internal control amplification curves in all wells	Error in temperature/time settings in PCR program	Correct any errors in the temperature/time settings in the PCR Program and repeat the test.		
	Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s)	DNA extraction should be repeated.     DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods.		
Positive control result and/or $C_{\rm T}$ values are lower or higher than the value mentioned in User Manual.	Error in temperature/time settings in PCR program	Correct any errors in the temperature/time settings in the PCR Program and repeat the test.		
$C_T$ values are not valid (higher or lower) according to User Manual	Excessive or insufficient DNA sample	<ul><li>Repeat the test.</li><li>DNA extraction should be repeated.</li></ul>		
Low and/or invalid amplification curves	Stability problems arising from repeated thawing and freezing ( >4X)	Repeated thawing and freezing ( >4X) should be avoided, as this may reduce the sensitivity of the assay.		
	Sample is containing PCR inhibitor(s)	DNA extraction should be repeated.     DNA extraction should be replaced with one of the recommended methods.		
	Stability problems arising from unavailable storage conditions.	All reagents should be stored at – 20 °C and dark.		
	Bubble formation or pipetting error during pipetting	After adding the master mix and sample, it is recommended to spin the plates/strips at low speed for a short time.		
For further questions, please contact us <b>tech@snp.com.tr</b>				

**Table 4:** Troubleshooting problems and solutions

